# UPSHUR COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

#### WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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Waco, Texas 76710 254.772.4901 pbhcpa.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Upshur County, Texas

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison information, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Upshur County (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison information, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter - Change of Accounting Principle

As discussed in the notes to the financial statements, in the year ending September 30, 2024, the County adopted new accounting quidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The County's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.



#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and State of Texas Grant Management Standards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2025, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Waco, Texas June 24, 2025 THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Upshur County, Texas (the "County") offers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the primary government for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- At September 30, 2024, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$31,591,629 (its "net position").
- Of this amount, \$23,264,231 is unrestricted, \$3,091,289 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position), and \$5,236,109 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- The County's total net position increased by \$6,144,792, or 24%, over the course of this year's operations.
- As of September 30, 2024, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$23,771,242, which represents a 24% percent increase from the prior year.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of the following three components: 1) governmental-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements** are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all County assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference between the four representing net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information that indicates how net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or in part a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, legal, and library.

**Fund Financial Statements** are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The County does not have any proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The County maintains 46 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the major governmental funds. Data from other governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found immediately after the basic financial statements in this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

A significant portion of the County's current fiscal year net position (17%) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g. land, improvements, buildings, equipment, infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire these assets that is outstanding. The main use of these capital assets is to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

One portion of the County's current fiscal year net position (74%) represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### **UPSHUR COUNTY'S NET POSITION**

	Governmental Activities					
		2024		2023		
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$	29,403,889	\$	25,322,500		
Capital assets		7,763,296		7,261,021		
Total assets		37,167,185		32,583,521		
Deferred outflows of resources		791,238		1,273,656		
Liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities		3,466,806		3,718,784		
Other liabilities		2,550,311		4,593,529		
Total liabilities		6,017,117		8,312,313		
Deferred inflows of resources		349,677		98,027		
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		5,236,109		4,845,848		
Restricted		3,091,289		1,677,857		
Unrestricted		23,264,231		18,923,132		
Total net position	\$	31,591,629	\$	25,446,837		

The following table indicates changes in net position for governmental activities.

#### **UPSHUR COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

	Governmental Activities				
	2024			2023	
Revenues:					
Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions General revenues:	\$	2,469,413 5,421,794	\$	2,418,325 1,608,451	
Property taxes, levied for general purposes Sales taxes Investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous Total revenues		15,931,430 1,969,049 1,364,644 - 836,088 27,992,418	_	14,367,033 1,983,382 1,014,948 66,035 767,528 22,225,702	
Expenses:		27,332,410		22,223,702	
General government Public safety Public transportation Legal Library Interest on long-term debt Total expenses		7,047,733 9,390,465 2,707,654 2,422,764 221,798 57,212 21,847,626	_	7,588,472 6,186,613 2,885,900 2,061,643 213,733 52,125 18,988,486	
Change in net position		6,144,792		3,237,216	
Net position - beginning		25,446,837	_	20,977,600	
Adjustments				1,232,021	
Net position - ending	\$	31,591,629	\$	25,446,837	

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF MAJOR FUNDS

**Governmental Funds.** The County's major general government functions are contained in the General Fund. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At September 30, 2024, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$23,771,242, an increase of 24% from the prior year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At September 30, 2024, the General Fund reported revenues of \$22,673,979 and expenditures of \$19,139,762.

The Senate Bill 22 fund reported \$439,607 in revenues and expenditures related to the new Rural Law Enforcement grant program. The Senate Bill 22 fund has no ending fund balance.

The Texas Historical Commission fund reported ending fund balance of \$3,572,013, a \$1,849,587 increase from the prior year, mostly attributed to an increase in funding for the courthouse renovation project in FY24.

The American Recovery Plan Grant fund reported an ending fund balance of \$361,914, an increase of \$154,757 due to interest earned on unspent ARPA funds.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, actual revenues were more than budgeted estimates by \$1,359,607. Actual expenditures were more than budgeted estimates by \$2,581,377. Actual other financing sources were less than budgeted by \$771,434. The net effect resulted in a positive variance of \$3,169,550.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

**Capital Assets.** The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2024, amounted to \$7,763,296 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and other tangible and right to use assets.

For further information regarding capital assets, see Note 4.

**Long-term Debt**. At September 30, 2024, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$3,466,806. Refer to Note 4 for further information on the County's long-term debt.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The budget was adopted based on estimated balances that would be available at the end of fiscal year 2024 and estimated revenues to be received in fiscal year 2024. Budgeted revenues to the General Fund total \$18,231,822 and budgeted expenditures total \$18,675,961.

For 2024-2025, the property tax rate is \$.4960 per \$100 valuation.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the County Auditor's Office, P. O. Box 730, Gilmer, Texas, 75644.

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles Prepaid expenses Due from other governments Net pension asset	\$ 25,188,523 2,084,333 449,961 249,685 1,431,387
Capital assets: Land Buildings Furniture and equipment Right to use: equipment Right to use: subscriptions Less: accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets	460,998 9,677,870 7,141,150 2,503,000 1,710,930 (13,730,652) 7,763,296 37,167,185
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	791,238
Total deferred outflows of resources	791,238
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total liabilities	1,039,706 1,510,605 763,879 2,702,927 6,017,117
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions  Total deferred inflows of resources	349,677 349,677
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Net pension asset	5,236,109 1,431,387
Other purposes	1,659,902
Unrestricted	23,264,231
Total net position	<u>\$ 31,591,629</u>

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Program	Revenues	` .	se) Revenue and n Net Position
			Operating		
		Charges for	Grants and		/ernmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions		Activities
<b>Primary Government:</b> Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 7,047,733	\$ 1,812,462	\$ 2,742,848	\$	(2,492,423)
Public safety	9,390,465	96,360	2,613,030		(6,681,075)
Public transportation	2,707,654	-	36,436		(2,671,218)
Legal	2,422,764	532,950	29,480		(1,860,334)
Library	221,798	27,641	-		(194,157)
Interest on long-term debt	57,212				(57,212)
Total governmental activities	\$ 21,847,626	\$ 2,469,413	\$ 5,421,794		(13,956,419)
	General revenues	s:			
	Taxes:				
		taxes, levied for	general purposes		15,931,430
	Sales tax				1,969,049
	Investment e Miscellaneous	-			1,364,644 836,088
		_	_		
	TOLAI	I general revenue	5		20,101,211
		Change in net po	osition		6,144,792
	Net position, beg	ginning			25,446,837
	Net position, end	ding		\$	31,591,629

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	General	Senate Bill 22	Texas Historical Commission
ASSETS			
Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Prepaid expenses Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$ 18,455,646 2,057,812 449,961 21,095 23,293	\$ 650,740 - - - - -	\$ 3,531,496 - - - - 206,230
Total assets	21,007,807	650,740	3,737,726
LIABILITIES Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	826,308 - - - 826,308	18,236 - <u>632,504</u> 650,740	165,713 - - - 165,713
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees Total deferred inflows of resources	1,356,260 269,074 1,625,334		- - -
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Restricted for:	449,961	-	-
Child protection	-	_	-
County and district clerk services	-	-	-
Court security and technology	-	-	-
District Attorney	-	-	-
Drug enforcement	-	-	-
Elections	-	-	-
Federal and state grants Forfeiture	- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Judicial education	- -		- -
Law enforcement	_	_	_
Debt service	-	_	-
Other	-	-	-
Committed for courthouse restoration	-	-	3,572,013
Unassigned	18,106,204		
Total fund balances	18,556,165		3,572,013
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,			
and fund balances	\$ 21,007,807	<u>\$ 650,740</u>	\$ 3,737,726

American	Other	Total		
Rescue	Governmental	Governmental		
Plan Grant	Funds	Funds		
\$ 1,256,795	\$ 1,293,846	\$ 25,188,523		
-	26,521	2,084,333		
-	-	449,961		
-	_	21,095		
<u> </u>	20,162	249,685		
1,256,795	1,340,529	27,993,597		
16,780	12,669	1,039,706		
-	21,095	21,095		
878,101		1,510,605		
894,881	33,764	2,571,406		
_	25,615	1,381,875		
_	-	269,074		
	25,615	1,650,949		
	23,013	1,030,949		
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	449,961		
		113,301		
-	151,229	151,229		
-	553,865	553,865		
-	172,674	172,674		
-	25,044	25,044		
-	532	532		
-	53,726	53,726		
361,914	90,856	452,770		
-	12,928	12,928		
-	6,727	6,727		
-	149,543	149,543		
-	28,480	28,480		
-	52,384	52,384		
-	<u>-</u>	3,572,013		
	(16,838)	<u>18,089,366</u>		
361,914	1,281,150	23,771,242		
\$ 1,256,795	\$ 1,340,529	<u>\$ 27,993,597</u>		

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### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

amerene because.	
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 23,771,242
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	7,763,296
The net pension liability is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	1,872,948
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	1,650,949
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 (3,466,806)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 31,591,629

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

						Texas
		General	Sen	ate Bill 22		Historical ommission*
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	17,827,901	\$	_	\$	_
Licenses and permits	т	1,046,657	т	_	т	-
Intergovernmental		261,137		433,361		1,368,262
Charges for services		1,738,932		, <u> </u>		-
Fines and forfeitures		346,407		-		-
Interest		1,189,090		6,246		-
Miscellaneous		<u> 263,855</u>				
Total revenues		22,673,979		439,607		1,368,262
EXPENDITURES						
Current:		7 600 004		12 126		
General government		7,609,994		12,126		- 2 400 670
Public safety		5,784,000		356,246		3,489,679
Public transportation		2,743,687		- 71 225		-
Legal		1,866,250		71,235		-
Library		232,230		-		-
Debt service: Principal		040 412				
·		848,413		-		-
Interest	-	55,188		- 420 607		2 400 670
Total expenditures	_	19,139,762		439,607		3,489,679
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		2 524 217				(2 121 417)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	3,534,217				(2,121,417)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		-		3,971,004
Transfers out		(2,000,000)		-		-
Issuance of lease		383,045		-		-
Issuance of SBITA		682,393		-		-
Insurance recoveries	-	184,428		<del>-</del>		
Total other financing sources and (uses)		(750,134)	-			3,971,004
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2,784,083		-		1,849,587
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING, AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED		15,772,082		_		_
		25,7,2,002				
ADJUSTMENTS Change to or within the financial						
reporting entity		-				1,722,426
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS RESTATED		15,772,082		-		1,722,426
, <u>-</u> -		<del>, , ,</del>				<del></del>
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	18,556,165	\$	-	\$	3,572,013

<sup>\*</sup>Formerly a nonmajor fund

American Recovery Plan Grant		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
\$	2,674,306 - - 154,747 - 2,829,053	\$	- 176,915 318,167 22,032 20,807 59,091 597,012	\$ 	17,827,901 1,046,657 4,913,981 2,057,099 368,439 1,370,890 322,946 27,907,913	
	250,653 452,649 - - -		242,965 132,536 - 382,357		8,115,738 10,215,110 2,743,687 2,319,842 232,230	
_	703,302		16,832 2,024 776,714		865,245 57,212 24,549,064	
	2,125,751		(179,702)		3,358,849	
	(1,971,004) - - -		- - - -		3,971,004 (3,971,004) 383,045 682,393 184,428	
	(1,971,004) 154,747		<u>-</u> (179,702)		1,249,866 4,608,715	
	·		3,183,278			
_			(1,722,426)			
_	207,167		1,460,852		19,162,527	
\$	361,914	<u>\$</u>	1,281,150	\$	23,771,242	

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## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	4,608,715
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		804,263
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financials resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		(582,471)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		84,505
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		1,531,768
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	6,144,792

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### GENERAL FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	_	16 055 506	_	10 007 711	_	17.007.001	_	(200.010)
Taxes	\$	16,955,596	\$	18,227,711	\$	17,827,901	\$	(399,810)
Licenses and permits		949,500		950,000		1,046,657		96,657
Intergovernmental		180,020		207,458		261,137		53,679
Charges for services		1,234,607		1,356,697		1,738,932		382,235
Fines		290,000		286,800		346,407		59,607
Interest Miscellaneous		10,800 222,300		55,200 230,506		1,189,090 263,855		1,133,890 33,349
Total revenues		19,842,823		21,314,372		22,673,979		1,359,607
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		8,694,835		9,719,254		7,609,994		2,109,260
Public safety		5,514,783		5,950,365		5,784,000		166,365
Public transportation		3,027,537		3,172,738		2,743,687		429,051
Legal		1,982,266		2,101,507		1,866,250		235,257
Library		215,798		232,229		232,230		(1)
Debt service:								
Principal		327,383		420,573		848,413		(427,840)
Interest		70,964		124,473		55,188		69,285
Total expenditures		19,833,566	_	21,721,139	_	19,139,762		2,581,377
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		9,257		(406,767)		3,534,217		3,940,984
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers out		(1,854,473)		(28,700)		(2,000,000)		(1,971,300)
Issuance of Lease		-		-		383,045		383,045
Issuance of SBITA		-		-		682,393		682,393
Insurance recoveries		50,000		50,000	_	184,428		134,428
Total other financing sources		(1,804,473)		21,300	_	(750,134)		(771,434)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(1,795,216)		(385,467)		2,784,083		3,169,550
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		15,772,082		15,772,082	_	15,772,082		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	13,976,866	\$	15,386,615	<u>\$</u>	18,556,165	\$	3,169,550

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Private Purpose Trusts	Custodial Funds		
ASSETS Cash and investments	<u>\$ 1,631,784</u>	\$ 3,009,963		
Total assets	1,631,784	3,009,963		
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments  Total liabilities	150,260 150,260	269,189 269,189		
NET POSITION  Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	1,481,524	2,740,774		
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,481,524</u>	\$ 2,740,774		

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Priva	ate Purpose Trusts	Custodial Funds		
Increases Contributions from judgements Lease revenue Interest Deposits held Bonds received  Total increases	\$	324,000 80,452 387,733 - 792,185	\$	108,206 - 38,187 38,816,928 579,707	
Decreases  Bonds refunded Commissary purchases Commission paid to inmate welfare-commissary Sales revenue to inmate welfare-non-commissary Deposits returned Disbursements to beneficiaries School allocations		74,896 70,970 168,000 67,441 24,366 382,380		448,952 244,790 - - 293,560 38,534,461 -	
Total decreases		788,053		39,521,763	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	(DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION 4,132			21,265	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		1,477,392		2,719,509	
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	1,481,524	\$	2,740,774	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Upshur County, Texas, (the County) uses a commission form of government under the laws and statutes of the constitution of the State of Texas. The County provides various services to advance the welfare, health, morals, comfort, safety, and convenience of the County and its inhabitants. A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

#### A. Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," establishes criteria that should be considered and evaluated along with other judgmental factors before a decision is made to include one governmental unit with another governmental unit for the purpose of issuing basic financial statements. The five criteria considered were 1) financial accountability, 2) appointment of voting majority, 3) imposition of will, 4) financial burden to or a burden on a primary government, and 5) financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. The elected officials governing Upshur County are accountable to their constituents for their public policy decisions, regardless of whether those decisions are carried out directly through the operations of the County or by their appointees through the operations of a separate entity. Therefore, the County is not only financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity, but also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the County.

Depending upon the significance of the County's financial and operational relationships with various separate entities, the organizations are classified as blended or discretely presented component units, related organizations, joint ventures, or jointly governed organizations, and the financial disclosure is treated accordingly.

#### **Related Organizations**

The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments. The Commissioners' Court or specific committees of the Commissioners' Court appoint members of many organizations. Positions on these boards are appointed in certain instances in entirety, partially, or with Commissioners' Court members.

#### **B.** Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The government has no business-type activities, or component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenues*.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Senate Bill 22</u> fund is used to account for grant awards and other funding related to the Senate Bill 22.

The <u>Texas Historical Commission</u> fund is used to account for grant awards and other funding related to the Texas Historical Commission.

The <u>American Rescue Plan Grant</u> fund is used to account for grant awards and other funding related to the American Rescue Plan Grant.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

**Debt Service Funds** are used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

**Private-purpose Trust Funds** are used to account for investments, interest, rent and royalties for the benefit of various school districts in the County. The revenues are distributed to various school districts.

**Custodial Funds** are used to account for the assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its governmental operations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

### D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund</u> Balance

#### Cash and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The County pools cash resources of some funds and invests these funds jointly. Each fund owns a pro rata share of the cash and investments. The County is entitled to invest in obligations of the United States, the State of Texas, and certificates of deposit of state or national banks or savings and loan associations within the state. Investments are stated at fair value.

Investment earnings are allocated to the respective funds based on the cash balances outstanding at the end of each month.

#### **Receivables and Payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 45% of the total tax receivable balance.

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Statements are mailed on October 1, or as soon thereafter as possible, and are due upon receipt. All unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendor reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Difference between expected and actual pension experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a five-year period.
- Pension contributions after the measurement date These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Unavailable revenue The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and court fines and fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- Difference between expected and actual pension experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Changes in economic or demographic assumptions or other inputs included in determining
  the pension liability These effects on the total pension liability are deferred and
  amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service
  lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active and
  inactive employees).

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which included property and equipment, are included in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The County's personnel policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the County does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Leases & Subscriptions**

The County is a participant in noncancellable lease of equipment and subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs). The County recognizes liabilities and intangible right-to-use assets (assets) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease or SBITA, the County initially measures a liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the term of the agreement. Subsequently, the liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the agreement's commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases and SBITAs include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected payments to present value, (2) agreement term, and (3) agreed-upon payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the vendor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.
- The agreement term includes the noncancellable period of the lease or SBITA.
- The payments included in the measurement of the liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and SBITAs and will remeasure the assets and liabilities if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the liabilities.

Lease and SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and the liabilities are reported with long term debt on the statement of net position.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### **Fund Balance Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### **Fund Balance Classification**

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by court resolution of the Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the County Auditor.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The
  unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other
  governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting assigned fund balance amounts.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unassigned fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### **Change in Accounting Principle**

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, was adopted effective June 1, 2023. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. As a result of this new accounting standard, the District was required to report changes within the financial reporting entity in more detail; see note disclosure H for additional information.

#### II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental fund* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$804,263 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 2,303,805
Disposal of assets	(31,316)
Depreciation expense	(1,468,226)

Net adjustment to decrease *net changes in fund balances -*total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net

position of governmental activities

\$ 804,263

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds." The details of this \$84,505 difference are as follows:

Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees	\$ 72,578 11,927
Net adjustment to decrease <i>net changes in fund balances -</i> total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	
position of governmental activities	\$ 84,505

#### III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. **Budgetary Information**

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. Once approved, the Commissioners' Court may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenue and appropriations. Major special revenue funds are not budgeted; thus, budget schedules are not presented for those funds.

#### **B.** <u>Deficit Fund Balances</u>

The following funds had deficit equity balances as of September 30, 2024:

Governmental funds	 Deficit					
CTIF TxDot Grant Law Library	\$ 1,206 15,632					
Total	\$ 16,838					

If funding from outside sources does not become available to cover these deficit fund balances, the County plans to transfer funds to cover the deficit from the General Fund.

#### IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2024, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Net Asset Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)		
TexPool	\$ 23.538.277	26		

The Public Funds Investment Act (government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

#### **Public Funds Investment Pools**

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAAm or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one-half of one percent of the value of its shares.

TexPool, the Texas Local Government Investment Pool, operates in a manner consistent with GASB No. 79 criteria. The County's investment in TexPool is reported at amortized cost. The pool is subject to regulatory oversight by the Texas State Comptroller, although it is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government Obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. As of September 30, 2024, the County's deposit value was fully collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions.

Credit Risk. It is the County's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment pool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

*Interest Rate Risk.* In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar-weighted maturity of its portfolio to a maximum of 365 days.

#### B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund		Texas Historical Commission		onmajor ernmental	Total		
Receivables:								
Taxes	\$	2,980,621	\$	-	\$ 48,220	\$	3,028,841	
Adjudicated fines		1,345,369		-	-		1,345,369	
Miscellaneous		444		-	_		444	
Intergovernmental		23,293		206,230	20,162		249,685	
Allowance		(2,268,622)		<del>-</del>	 (21,699)		(2,290,321)	
Total receivables	\$	2,081,105	\$	206,230	\$ 46,683	\$	2,334,018	

#### C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	_Adjustments_	Ending Balance	
Government activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	<u>\$ 460,998</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 460,998</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	460,998				460,998
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	9,655,844	22,026	-	-	9,677,870
Furniture and equipment	6,822,755	842,891	(524,496)	-	7,141,150
Right to use: equipment	2,627,679	383,045	(458,242)	(49,482)	2,503,000
Right to use: subscriptions	655,087	1,055,843			1,710,930
Total capital assets being depreciated	19,761,365	2,303,805	(982,738)	(49,482)	21,032,950
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	6,247,363	159,770	-	-	6,407,133
Furniture and equipment	5,238,378	418,614	(466,470)	-	5,190,522
Right to use: equipment	1,307,657	369,949	(214,280)	(18,166)	1,445,160
Right to use: subscriptions	167,944	519,893			687,837
Total accumulated depreciation	12,961,342	1,468,226	(680,750)	(18,166)	14,411,402
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	6,800,023	835,579	(301,988)	(31,316)	7,302,298
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,261,021	<u>\$ 835,579</u>	<u>\$ (301,988</u> )	<u>\$ (31,316)</u>	\$ 7,763,296

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 675,246
Legal	12,951
Public safety	572,899
Public transportation	 207,130
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,468,226

#### D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2024, is as follows:

_	Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount				
	General fund	Nonmajor governmental	\$	21,095			
	Total		\$	21,095			

Balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided on reimbursable expenditures, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payment between funds are made.

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Transfer in	Transfer out	Amount	Explanation
Texas Historical Commission Texas Historical Commission	General fund American Recovery Plan Grant	\$ 2,000,000 1,971,004	Local match for courthouse grant Local match for courthouse grant
Total		\$ 3,971,004	

#### E. Long-term Debt

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions			Reductions		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
Governmental activities									
Lease payable	\$ 2,204,542	\$	383,045	\$	654,963	\$	1,932,624	\$	266,948
Subscriptions payable	210,631		682,393		298,461		594,563		309,007
Compensated absences	469,162		935,064		464,607		939,619		187,924
Governmental activity									
long-term liabilities	\$ 2,884,335	\$	2,000,502	\$	1,418,031	\$	3,466,806	\$	763,879

#### F. Lease Payable

A summary of leases payable as of September 30, 2024, are as follows for governmental activities:

Purpose of Lease	Interest Rate	Initial Year of Lease	C	Amount of Initial Liability		Interest Current Year		Current Outstanding		utstanding	Di	mounts ue Within ne Year
<b>Governmental activiti</b>	es:											
Right to Use:												
Copier	0.7120%	2021	\$	22,403	\$	88	\$	10,054	\$	4,288		
Election equipment	3.125%	2021		449,967		10,122		263,037		62,755		
Tractor equipment	2.85 - 3.10%	2021		1,077,209		41,458		1,276,488		166,773		
Tractor equipment	5.95%	2024		383,045				383,045		33,132		
Total governmenta	al activities				\$	51,668	\$	1,932,624	\$	266,948		

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on the lease liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities										
Year Ended								Total			
September 30,	F	Principal			Interest			quirements			
2025	\$	266,948		\$	67,822		\$	334,770			
2026		330,643			59,017			389,660			
2027		988,581			48,335			1,036,916			
2028		108,228			18,669			126,897			
2029	_	238,224			15,148			253,372			
Totals	\$	1,932,624		\$	208,991		\$	2,141,615			

#### **G. Subscriptions Payable**

A summary of subscriptions payable as of September 30, 2024, are as follows for governmental activities:

	Interest	Initial Year of	-	Amount f Initial		nterest		Amounts Itstanding		Amounts ue Within
Subscriptions	Rate	Lease	L	Liability		Year		09/30/24		ne Year
Governmental activities:										
Right to Use:										
Zuercher Software	3.135%	2022	\$	192,690	\$	4,545	\$	99,616	\$	48,280
Tyler Software	3.107%	2022		99,865		2,040		33,329		33,329
Tyler Tech Enterprise Case Manage	3.107%	2024		682,393				461,618		227,398
Total governmental activities					\$	6,585	\$	594,563	\$	309,007

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on the lease liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2024, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities									
Year Ended						Total					
September 30,	F	Principal	Ir	iterest	Requirements						
2025	\$	309,007	\$	4,198	\$	313,205					
2026		285,556		1,609		287,165					
Totals	\$	594,563	\$	5,807	\$	600,370					

#### **H. Accounting Changes**

During the year the County had one change within the financial reporting entity:

 The Texas Historical Commission fund was previously reported as a nonmajor governmental fund and is now reported as a major fund. The change in classification is required based on quantitative factors.

#### V. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. The County participates in a risk management program through the Texas Association of Counties for workers' compensation coverage.

The County has not had any significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. The number of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three years.

During the year ended September 30, 1990, the County established an employee medical benefit plan (the Plan) to self-insure claims up to \$75,000 per year for each individual covered; claims above \$75,000 are covered by a stop-loss insurance policy. The County and its covered employees contribute to the fund to pay claims and stop-loss insurance premiums. At September 30, 2024, officials believe that the County has made provisions sufficient to cover estimated claims, including claims incurred, but not yet reported.

The County is the defendant in a number of lawsuits arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the management, the outcome of these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying combined financial statements and accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded.

The County participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at September 30, 2024, may be impaired. In the opinion of the County, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

#### **B.** Retirement Plan

#### **Plan Description**

The County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.tcdrs.org">www.tcdrs.org</a>.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in temporary positions are not eligible for membership.

#### **Benefits Provided**

TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	181
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	288
Active employees	217
	686

#### **Contributions**

The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 7.87% and 8.30% in the calendar years 2023 and 2024, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2024, were \$878,908, and were equal to the required contributions.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Overall payroll growth 4.7% per year

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The County has no automatic cost-of-living adjustments ("COLA") and one is not considered to be substantively automatic. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the actuarial valuation. Each year, the County may elect an ad-hoc COLA for its retirees.

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members 135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted

Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale

after 2010.

Service retirees, beneficiaries

and non-depositing members

135% of Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General

Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale

after 2010.

Disabled retirees 160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-

Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-

2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

All actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2023 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 – December 31, 2020, except where required to be different by GASB 68. The economic assumptions were reviewed at the March 2023 TCDRS Board of Trustees meeting and revised assumptions were adopted. These revisions included reductions in the investment return, wage growth, and maximum payroll growth assumptions. The assumptions are reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2023 information for a 10-year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is reassessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2023 meeting.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Target <sup>(1)</sup>	Geometric Real Rate of Return <sup>(2)</sup>
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market	11.50%	4.75%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.75%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	5.00%	4.75%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.35%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	3.65%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	7.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index <sup>(3)</sup>	4.00%	6.90%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.10%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.20%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index <sup>(4)</sup>	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index <sup>(5)</sup>	25.00%	7.75%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	3.25%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	0.60%
(4) =			

<sup>(1)</sup> Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2024 TCDRS Board meeting.

#### Discount Rate

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

<sup>(2)</sup> Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.2%, per Cliffwater's 2024 capital market assumptions.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(5)</sup> Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

#### Changes in the Net Pension Liability/ (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)									
	T	otal Pension		an Fiduciary		let Pension				
		Liability		let Position	Lia	bility/(Asset)				
Balance at 12/31/2022	\$	46,537,294	\$	45,702,843	\$	834,451				
Changes for the year:										
Service cost		980,922		-		980,922				
Interest on total pension liability (1)		3,501,783		-		3,501,783				
Effect of plan Changes (2)		-				-				
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(496,116)		-		(496,116)				
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-				
Refund of contributions		(258,689)		(258,689)		-				
Benefit payments		(2,679,359)		(2,679,359)		-				
Administrative expenses		-		(25,595)		25,595				
Member contributions		-		627,483		(627,483)				
Net investment income		-		5,006,910		(5,006,910)				
Employer contributions		-		705,468		(705,468)				
Other <sup>(3)</sup>			_	(61,83 <u>9</u> )		61,839				
Balance at 12/31/2023	\$	47,585,835	\$	49,017,222	\$	(1,431,387)				

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the County's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.6%) or 1-percentage-higher (8.6%) than the current rate:

		Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	6.6%	7.6%	8.6%		
Total pension liability	\$ 53,262,044	\$ 47,585,835	\$ 42,803,109		
Fiduciary net position	49,017,222	49,017,222	49,017,222		
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 4,244,822	<u>\$ (1,431,387</u> )	<u>\$ (6,214,113)</u>		

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="https://www.tcdrs.org">www.tcdrs.org</a>.

## Pension Income and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$652,863. At September 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	eferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	-	\$	349,677		
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		94,127		-		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		697,111				
Total	\$	791,238	\$	349,677		

<sup>(2)</sup> No plan changes valued.

<sup>(3)</sup> Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

\$697,111 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

	For The Year	
-	Ended September 30,	
	2025	\$ (567,060)
	2026	(361,990)
	2027	992,828
	2028	(319, 327)

#### VI. Significant Forthcoming Standards

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences – The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures – The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints that is essential to their analyses for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements – The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets* – The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be presented separately in the note disclosures, including right-to-use assets related to leases, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, and public-private or public-public partnerships. Other intangible assets are also required to be presented separately by major class. Additional disclosures have also been required for capital assets held for sale. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

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# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Meaurement Date December 31,	 2023		2022		2021	2020	
Total Pension Liability	 _						
Service Cost Interest total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic	\$ 980,922 3,501,783 - -	\$	1,011,144 3,382,118 - -	\$	836,547 3,198,101 808,289 (180,481)	\$	788,631 3,153,007 - 2,201,707
(gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds	(496,116)		(56,800)		95,089		(603,957)
of contributions	 (2,938,048)	_	(2,532,784)		(2,489,719)	_	(2,375,718)
Net change in total pension liability	1,048,541		1,803,678		2,267,826		3,163,670
Total pension liability - beginning	 <u>46,537,294</u>	_	44,733,614	_	42,465,788	_	39,302,118
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 47,585,835	\$	46,537,292	\$	44,733,614	\$	42,465,788
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of	\$ 705,468 627,483	\$	782,681 598,120	\$	559,372 613,522	\$	523,586 547,032
investment expenses Benefit payments refunds of	5,006,910		(2,822,562)		9,095,634		4,067,766
contributions Administrative expenses Other	 (2,938,048) (25,595) (61,839)		(2,532,784) (26,783) (120,551)		(2,489,719) (26,956) (25,713)		(2,375,718) (30,804) (34,715)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	3,314,379		(4,121,879)		7,726,140		2,697,147
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 45,702,843		49,824,722		42,098,582	_	39,401,435
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	 49,017,222	_	45,702,843	_	49,824,722	_	42,098,582
Net pension liability / (asset), ending (a) - (b)	\$ (1,431,387)	\$	834,449	\$	(5,091,108)	\$	367,206
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	103.01%		98.21%		111.38%		99.14%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 8,964,042	\$	8,544,570	\$	8,764,603	\$	7,814,736
Net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	-15.97%		9.77%		-58.09%		4.70%

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		2015		2014	
\$	744,513 3,027,537 - -	\$ 776,007 2,914,987 - -	\$ 767,721 2,822,134 - 131,632	\$ 820,431 2,664,959 - -	\$	788,144 2,547,645 (73,696) 348,733	\$	789,263 2,446,329 - -		
	(26,743)	(187,960)	(530,616)	47,927		(178,427)		(412,926)		
	(2,110,270) 1,635,037 37,667,081	 (2,054,863) 1,448,171 36,218,910	 (2,050,881) 1,139,990 35,078,920	 (1,869,364) 1,663,953 33,414,998		(1,860,913) 1,571,486 31,843,512		(1,557,281) 1,265,385 30,578,127		
\$	39,302,118	\$ 37,667,081	\$ 36,218,910	\$ 35,078,951	\$	33,414,998	\$	31,843,512		
\$	463,768 530,454 5,725,049	\$ 494,592 524,568 (694,168)	\$ 430,934 495,692 4,799,450	\$ 457,678 486,893 2,341,438	\$	450,549 463,120 (114,861)	\$	469,153 452,976 2,146,140		
	(2,110,270) (30,025) (32,722)	 (2,054,863) (27,996) (27,176)	 (2,050,881) (24,367) (15,296)	 (1,869,364) (25,427) (75,068)		(1,860,914) (23,151) (15,765)		(1,557,281) (24,740) (192,261)		
	4,546,254 34,855,181	(1,785,043) 36,640,224	3,635,532 33,004,692	1,316,150 31,688,573		(1,101,022) 32,789,595		1,293,987 31,495,608		
-	39,401,435	 34,855,181	 36,640,224	 33,004,723		31,688,573		32,789,595		
\$	(99,317)	\$ 2,811,900	\$ (421,314)	\$ 2,074,228	\$	1,726,425	\$	(946,083)		
\$	100.25% 7,577,915	\$ 92.53% 7,493,833	\$ 101.16% 7,029,861	\$ 94.09% 6,955,616	\$	94.83% 6,615,994	\$	102.97% 6,471,084		
	-1.31%	37.52%	-5.99%	29.82%		26.09%		-14.62%		

## SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	D	ctuarially etermined intribution	Employer Deficiency Covere				Deficiency Covered		ion ed
2015	\$	454,689	\$ 454,689	\$	-	\$	6,572,191	6.	9%
2016		457,380	457,380		-		6,892,415	6.	6%
2017		433,992	433,992		-		6,951,911	6.	2%
2018		482,898	482,898		-		7,446,203	6.	5%
2019		466,266	466,266		-		7,472,296	6.	2%
2020		513,633	513,633		-		7,836,933	6.	6%
2021		556,108	556,108		-		8,629,065	6.	4%
2022		537,280	707,193		169,913		8,355,802	6.	4%
2023		732,033	732,033		-		8,928,705	8.	2%
2024		902,117	902,117		-		11,003,836	8.	2%

<sup>(1)</sup> Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

**Valuation Date:** Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of

December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in

which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

**Actuarial Cost Method** Entry Age (level percentage of pay) **Amortization Method** Level percentage of payroll, closed

**Remaining Amortization Period** 17.2 years (based on contribution rate calculated in

12/31/2023 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including

inflation.

**Investment Rate of Return** 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses,

including inflation

**Retirement Age** Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed

> to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and Mortality

> 120% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after

2010.

**Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected** 

in the Schedule of Employer

Contributions\*

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were

reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were

reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the 2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions\*

Schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits

earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2020: No changes in plan provisions were felected in the

Schedule.

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

2022: Employer contributions reflect that the current service

matching rate was increased to 150% for future benefits

2023: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

<sup>\*</sup>Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to Schedule.

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#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for revenues that are legally restricted for expenditure for particular purposes. The County's Special Revenue Funds are as follows:

**CETRZ** 

Sheriff's Special

District Clerk Records

D. A. Forfeiture

Records Management Fee

Records Management and Other

County Clerk Records Management and Other

District Clerk Records Management and Other

Courthouse Security

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant

**County and District Court Preservation** 

Family Violence Intervention Program

Project Lifesaver

County and District Technology

Law Library

D. A. Art 53.08 Fees

Law Enforcement Education

Judicial Education

Child Protection Fee

Arson Task Force

**Election Refund** 

**FEMA** 

Drug Interdiction

Justice of the Peace Court Technology

District Clerk Record Archive

JP Courthouse Security

Records Archive Fee

Victims' Assistance Grant

Court Initiated Guardianship

Court Facility

Language Access

County Jury

Justice Court Support

Asset Forfeiture DEA

Jail Commissary Stipends

Pretrial Intervention Program

Tax Office VIT Interest Fund

Union Grove Water Grant

HAVA Grant

CTIF TxDot Grant

## **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

The <b>Debt Ser</b>	vice Fund	is used to	account f	or the	accumulation	of resou	rces and	l payment	of	certificate	of
obligation prin	cipal and ir	nterest from	n governme	ental r	esources.						

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Sį	pecial Revenue	9	
	104	271	222	250	224
	CETRZ	Sheriff's Special	District Clerk Records	D.A. Forfeiture	Records Management Fee
ASSETS  Cash and investments  Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)  Due from other governments  Total assets	\$ 30,942 - - 30,942	\$ 134,696 - - 134,696	\$ 20,225 - - 20,225	\$ 9,165 - - 9,165	\$ 311,033 - - - 311,033
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities		79 		<u>-</u> -	2,152 - 2,152
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources					
FUND BALANCES  Restricted for: Child protection County and district clerk services Court security and technology District Attorney Drug enforcement Elections Federal and state grants	- - - - -	- - - - -	- 20,225 - - - - -	- - - 9,165 - -	- 308,881 - - - - -
Federal and state grants Forfeiture Judicial education Law enforcement Debt service Other Unassigned Total fund balances	30,942 - 30,942	134,617	- - - - - - 20,225	- - - - - - 9,165	- - - - - - 308,881
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 30,942</u>	<u>\$ 134,696</u>	\$ 20,225	<u>\$ 9,165</u>	\$ 311,033

Special Revenue

						Speci	al Revenue						
	201		215		216		200		276	220			300
		(	County		District					Cou	inty and	F	amily
F	Records	Cler	k Records	Cler	k Records			Lo	cal Law	D	istrict	Vi	olence
	nagement		nagement		nagement	Co	urthouse		orcement		Court		rvention
	nd Other		nd Other		d Other		Security		ck Grant		servation		ogram
							,						
\$	82,174	\$	11,340	\$	30,917	\$	94,607	\$	1,127	\$	3,307	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
													9,557
	82,174		11,340		30,917		94,607		1,127		3,307		9,557
	_		_		231		513		_		_		909
	_		_		-		-		_		-		7,889
	_				231		513		_		-		8,798
-		-											
					<u> </u>								
	_		_		_		_		_		_		_
	82,174		11,340		30,686		_		-		3,307		_
	_		-		_		94,094		-		_		_
	_		-		-		, <u>-</u>		-		-		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		1,127		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	=		-		-		-		-		-		=
	-		-		-		-		-		-		759
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
					-		-						
	82,174		11,340		30,686		94,094		1,127		3,307		759
\$	82,174	\$	11,340	\$	30,917	\$	94,607	\$	1,127	\$	3,307	\$	9,557

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue										
	274	221	202	255	272						
	Project Lifesaver	County and District Technology	Law Library	D.A. Art 53.08 Fees	Law Enforcement Education						
ASSETS  Cash and investments  Receivables (net of   allowance for uncollectibles)  Due from other governments  Total assets	\$ 5,048 - - 5,048	\$ 11,719 - - 11,719	\$ 2,187 - - 2,187	\$ 1,042 - - 1,042	\$ 46,155 - - - 46,155						
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities		<u> </u>	5,819 12,000 17,819		150 - 150						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources											
Restricted for: Child protection County and district clerk services Court security and technology District Attorney Drug enforcement Elections Federal and state grants Forfeiture Judicial education Law enforcement Debt service Other Unassigned Total fund balances	- - - - - - - - 5,048	- 11,719 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - (15,632)	1,042 - - - - - - - - - - 1,042	- - - - - - 46,005 - - - - - - - - - - - -						
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 5,048</u>	<u>\$ 11,719</u>	<u>\$ 2,187</u>	<u>\$ 1,042</u>	<u>\$ 46,155</u>						

Special Revenue

						Spec	ial Revenue						
	229	:	203		275		226	303	-	290	227 Justice of		
		C	Child		Arson						th	e Peace	
J	udicial	Pro	tection		Task	Election				Drug		Court	
	lucation		Fee		Force		Refund	FEMA	Interdiction		Technology		
							_						
\$	6,727	\$	521	\$	14,167	\$	53,474	\$ 19,691	\$	532	\$	39,781	
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-	
-								 					
	6,727		521		14,167		53,474	 19,691		532		39,781	
	_		_		_		_	_		_		350	
	_		_		_		_	_		_		-	
-	-		-		-		-	-		-		350	
-								 <del>-</del>			-		
			F24										
	_		521		_		-	_		-		_	
	_		_		_		_	-		-		39,431	
	_		_		_		_	_		_		55, <del>4</del> 51	
	_		_		_		_	_		532		_	
	_		-				53,474	-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	19,691		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-	
	6,727		-		-		-	-		-		-	
	-		-		14,167		-	-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-	
								 - 10.661		-			
	6,727	-	521	-	14,167		53,474	 19,691		532		39,431	
\$	6,727	\$	521	\$	14,167	\$	53,474	\$ 19,691	\$	532	\$	39,781	

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue									
	223 District	228	225	308	230					
	Clerk	JР	Records	Victims'	Court					
	Record	Courthouse	Archive	Assistance	Initiated					
	Archive	Security	Fee	Grant	Guardianship					
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$ 33,529	\$ 27,430	\$ 64,173	\$ 14,024	\$ 46,046					
Receivables (net of										
allowance for uncollectibles)	-	-	-	- 10,605	-					
Due from other governments					46.046					
Total assets	33,529	<u>27,430</u>	64,173	24,629	46,046					
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	-	-	450	596	-					
Due to other funds										
Total liabilities			<u>450</u>	<u>596</u>						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes										
Total deferred inflows of resources										
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for:										
Child protection	-	-	-	-	46,046					
County and district clerk services	33,529	<u>-</u>	63,723	-	-					
Court security and technology	-	27,430	-	-	-					
District Attorney	-	-	-	-	=					
Drug enforcement Elections	_	_	_	_						
Federal and state grants	_	_	-	24,033	- -					
Forfeiture	_	_	_	-	_					
Judicial education	-	-	-	-	_					
Law enforcement	-	-	-	-	-					
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-					
Other	-	-	-	-	-					
Unassigned					-					
Total fund balances	33,529	27,430	63,723	24,033	<u>46,046</u>					
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,										
and fund balances	<u>\$ 33,529</u>	<u>\$ 27,430</u>	\$ 64,173	<u>\$ 24,629</u>	<u>\$ 46,046</u>					

Special Revenue 231 232 233 234 270 273 251 Justice Asset Jail Pretrial Court Language Court Forfeiture Commissary Intervention County Facility Access Jury Support DEA Stipends Program \$ 37,880 \$ 12,755 42,958 12,739 563 14,837 11,694 12,755 42,958 12,739 563 14,837 37,880 11,694 374 625 625 374 37,880 11,694 12,755 42,333 14,837 12,739 189 11,694 12,739 37,880 189 14,837

37,880

11,694

\$ 12,755

42,958

12,739

563

14,837

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue										
		240		306 Lifle		321	304	4/310		324	
	Ta	x Office		istant							
	VIT	Interest	SI	nield	Union Grove		HAVA		CTIF		
		Fund	<u> </u>	und	Wate	er Grant	Grant		TxDot Grant		
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	15,865	\$	-	\$	950	\$	252	\$	-	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)											
Due from other governments		_		_		-		_		_	
Total assets	_	15,865				950		252			
Total assets	_	13,003				930		232			
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable		421		-		-		-		-	
Due to other funds										1,206	
Total liabilities		421		_						1,206	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		_	
FUND BALANCES											
Restricted for:											
Child protection		-		-		-		-		-	
County and district clerk services		=-		-		-		-		-	
Court security and technology		-		-		-		-		-	
District Attorney		-		-		-		-		-	
Drug enforcement Elections		_		_		_		- 252		_	
Federal and state grants		_		_		-		-		-	
Forfeiture		_		_		_		_		_	
Judicial education		-		-		-		-		-	
Law enforcement		-		-		-		-		-	
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-	
Other		15,444		-		950		-		- (1.206)	
Unassigned		15 444				<u>-</u> 950		752		(1,206)	
	_	15,444				950		252	_	(1,206)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,											
and fund balances	\$	15,865	\$		\$	950	\$	252	\$		

Debt Service 401

 Debt Service	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 27,574	\$	1,293,846
 26,521 -		26,521 20,162
 54,095		1,340,529
 - -		12,669 21,095
 		33,764
 25,615 25,615		25,615 25,615
 - - - - - - 28,480 - - 28,480		151,229 553,865 172,674 25,044 532 53,726 90,856 12,928 6,727 149,543 28,480 52,384 (16,838) 1,281,150
\$ 54,095	\$	1,340,529

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue										
	104	271	222	250	224						
	CETRZ	Sheriff's Special	District Clerk Records	D.A. Forfeiture	Records Management Fee						
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Interest Miscellaneous	\$ - - - -	\$ 19,678 - - 8,172 -	\$ - 268 - - -	\$ - 2,592 420	\$ - 81,630 - - -						
Total revenues		27,850	268	3,012	81,630						
EXPENDITURES  General government Public safety Legal Debt service: Principal Interest Total expenditures	- - - - -	110,262 - - - - 110,262	- - - - -	1,685 1,685	42,190 - - - 4,661 - 46,851						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(82,412)	268	1,327	34,779						
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS PREVIOULSY REPORTED	30,942	217,029	19,957	7,838	274,102						
ADJUSTMENTS  Change to or within the financial reporting entity											
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS RESTATED	30,942	217,029	19,957	7,838	274,102						
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 30,942	\$ 134,617	\$ 20,225	\$ 9,165	\$ 308,881						

Special Revenue

				Specie	ii Kevenue								
	201	2	215		216		200		276		220		300
Ма	Management M		County Clerk Records Management and Other		District K Records Lagement d Other	Courthouse Security		Enfo	cal Law orcement ck Grant	Dist	unty and rict Court servation	V Inte	Family liolence ervention rogram
\$	- 5,109 -	\$	- 4,220 -	\$	- 17,600 -	\$	- 24,822 - 4,749	\$	- - -	\$	- 110 -	\$	54,167 - -
	_		_		_		- -		_		_		59,091
	5,109		4,220		17,600		29,571				110		113,258
	5,105	-	1,220		17,000	-	20,0,1				110		110,200
	50,000		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		7,094		- 14,591		_	100,000			- 111,126
					,		<b>,</b>				,		,
	-		-		=		=		-		=		=
					-		-		-				
	50,000				7,094		14,591				100,000		111,126
	(44,891)		4,220		10,506		14,980		-		(99,890)		2,132
	127,065		7,120		20,180		79,114		1,127		103,197		(1,373)
	127,065		7,120	20 20,180		79,114		1,127		103,197			(1,373)
\$	82,174	\$	11,340	\$	30,686	\$	94,094	\$	1,127	\$	3,307	\$	759

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue											
	274	221	202	255	272							
	Project Lifesaver	County and District Technology	Law Library	D.A. Art 53.08 Fees	Law Enforcement Education							
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	\$ - -	\$ - 768	\$ - 25,375	\$ - -	\$ 16,532 - -							
Interest Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-							
Total revenues	-	768	25,375	_	16,532							
EXPENDITURES General government Public safety Legal Debt service: Principal Interest Total expenditures	- - - -	- - - - -	- 33,748 - - 33,748	- - - - -	1,500 2,783 2,563 - - - - 6,846							
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	_	768	(8,373)	-	9,686							
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS PREVIOULSY REPORTED	5,048	10,951	(7,259)	1,042	36,319							
ADJUSTMENTS  Change to or within the financial reporting entity		<del>-</del>										
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS RESTATED	5,048	10,951	(7,259)	1,042	36,319							
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 5,048	\$ 11,719	<u>\$ (15,632</u> )	\$ 1,042	\$ 46,005							

	Special Revenue												
	229	2	203		275		226		303	2	290		227
	udicial lucation	Child Protection Fee		Arson Task Force		Election Refund		FEMA		Drug Interdiction		the	stice of e Peace Court hnology
\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
	790	•	-		-		13,775		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		6,797
	-		-		-		-		-		28		-
					<u>-</u>								
	790				<u> </u>		13,775				28		6,797
	934		_		-		9,450		_		_		12,984
	-		-		-		· -		-		-		· -
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
							10.171						
	-		-		-		12,171		-		=		-
					<del>-</del>		2,024						- 12.004
-	934	-	-				23,645	-					12,984
	(144)		-		-		(9,870)		-		28		(6,187)
	6,871		521		14,167		63,344		19,691		504		45,618
-	0,071	-	321		14,107		03,311		15,051	-	301	-	45,010
	6,871		521		14,167	-	63,344		19,691		504		45,618
\$	6,727	\$	521	\$	14,167	\$	53,474	\$	19,691	\$	532	\$	39,431

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue											
	223	228	225	308	230							
	District											
	Clerk	JР	Records	Victims'	Court							
	Record	Courthouse	Archive	Assistance	Initiated							
	Archive	Security	Fee	Grant	Guardianship							
REVENUES												
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,738	\$ -							
Charges for services	30	2,098	81,270	-	4,920							
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-							
Interest	2,730	-	-	-	-							
Miscellaneous												
Total revenues	2,760	2,098	81,270	81,738	4,920							
EXPENDITURES												
General government	-	516	114,658	-	-							
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-							
Legal	29,249	-	-	71,853	-							
Debt service:												
Principal	-	-	-	-	-							
Interest												
Total expenditures	29,249	<u> 516</u>	114,658	71,853								
NET CHANGE IN												
FUND BALANCES	(26,489)	1,582	(33,388)	9,885	4,920							
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS												
PREVIOULSY REPORTED	60,018	25,848	97,111	14,148	41,126							
ADJUSTMENTS												
Change to or within the financial reporting entity												
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS RESTATED	60,018	25,848	97,111	14,148	41,126							
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 33,529	\$ 27,430	\$ 63,723	\$ 24,033	\$ 46,046							

						Spec	ial Revenue						
	231		232		233		234		270		273		251
							Justice		Asset	Jail		ı	Pretrial
	Court	La	anguage		County		Court	F	orfeiture	Con	nmissary		ervention
	Facility		Access		Jury	:	Support	•	DEA		ipends		rogram
\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
	14,280		4,422		7,140		19,000		-		-		10,540
	-		_		-		-		12,643 550		-		-
	- -		_		- -		<u>-</u>		-		- -		<u>-</u>
	14,280		4,422		7,140		19,000		13,193				10,540
	14,200	-	7,722		7,140		13,000		13,133			-	10,540
					F 462								
	-		_		5,162		-		- 8,697		- 10,794		-
	- -		-		- -		7,767		6,097		10,734		2,681
							,,, 0,						2,001
	-		-		=		=		-		-		-
											-		
					5,162		7,767		8,697		10,794		2,681
	14,280		4,422		1,978		11,233		4,496		(10,794)		7,859
	,		,		,-		,		,		( -, - ,		,
	23,600		7,272		10,777		31,100		8,243		10,983		6,978
	23,000		1,212		10,777		31,100		0,243		10,903		0,970
	23,600		7,272		10,777		31,100		8,243		10,983		6,978
\$	37,880	\$	11,694	\$	12,755	\$	42,333	\$	12,739	\$	189	\$	14,837
<u> </u>	37,000	<u> </u>	11,054	₽	12,/35	<u> </u>	42,333	₽	12,/39	<u> </u>	109	<u> </u>	14,037

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue										
	240		;	306	30	9	321		304	/310	
	Tax Off VIT Inte Func	rest	Res S	Rifle sistant hield Fund	Tex Histo <u>Commi</u> s	rical		n Grove er Grant		AVA rant	
REVENUES			_	2.000			_	2 000	_		
Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ -	•	\$	2,800			\$	2,000	\$	-	
Fines and forfeitures				_				_		_	
Interest	4,1	.45		_				-		13	
Miscellaneous											
Total revenues	4,1	.45		2,800				2,000		13	
EXPENDITURES											
General government	7	771		2,800				2,000		-	
Public safety	-	-		-				-		-	
Legal	•	-		-				-		-	
Debt service: Principal											
Interest		-		_				_		_	
Total expenditures	7	771		2,800				2,000		_	
NET CHANGE IN										<u>_</u>	
FUND BALANCES	3,3	374		_				_		13	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS											
PREVIOULSY REPORTED	12,0	<u> 70</u>		-	1,722	2,42 <u>6</u>		950		239	
ADJUSTMENTS											
Change to or within the financial reporting entity					(1,722	2 <u>,426</u> )					
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING AS RESTATED	12,0	<u> 70</u>						950		239	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 15,4	144	\$		\$		\$	950	\$	252	

Debt
Special Revenue Service
324 401

CTIF TxDot Grant		:	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	176,915 318,167 22,032 20,807 59,091 597,012		
	- - -		- - -		242,965 132,536 382,357		
	- - -		<u>-</u> -		16,832 2,024 776,714		
	- (1,206)		- 28,480		(179,702) 3,183,278		
	(1,206)		28,480		(1,722,426) 1,460,852		
\$	(1,206)	\$	28,480	\$	1,281,150		

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## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**Investment Trust Funds** are used to report fiduciary activities from individual investment accounts that are held in a fiduciary trust. The County's investment trust funds are as follows:

Jail Inmate Trust

Private Purpose Trust

District Attorney Trust

**Custodial Funds** are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The County's custodial funds are as follows:

State Fees

Child Safety

District Clerk Excess Proceed

District Clerk Bond

District Clerk Registry Account

County Clerk Bond Account

County Clerk Registry Account

Tax Assessor/Collector General

Tax Assessor/Collector TXDOT

Tax Assessor/Collector Boat and Motor

Tax Assessor/Collector Auto Sales Tax

Tax Assessor/Collector Special Inventory

Tax Assessor/Collector Credit Card Merchant

Sheriff Cash Bond

Jail Inmate Welfare

**Probation Office Juvenile** 

**Probation Office Adult** 

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Jail Inmate Trust		Private Purpose Trust		District Attorney Trust		Totals	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 44	,359	\$ 1,582,3	20	\$	5,105	\$ 1,631,784	
Total assets	44	<u>,359</u>	1,582,3	20		5,105	1,631,784	
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments  Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	150,2 150,2				150,260 150,260	
NET POSITION  Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	44	,359	1,432,0	60		5,105	1,481,524	
Total net position	<u>\$ 44</u>	<u>,359</u>	\$ 1,432,0	60	\$	5,105	<u>\$ 1,481,524</u>	

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Jail Private Inmate Purpose <u>Trust</u> Trust		District Attorney Trust	Totals	
Increases					
Lease revenue	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ 324,000	\$ -	\$ 324,000	
Interest	42	80,405	5	80,452	
Deposits held	380,396		7,337	387,733	
Total increases	380,438	404,405	7,342	792,185	
Decreases					
Commissary purchases Commission paid to	74,896	-	-	74,896	
Inmate welfare-commissary Sales revenue to	70,970	-	-	70,970	
infante welfare-non-commissary	168,000	-	-	168,000	
Deposits returned	67,441	-	-	67,441	
Disbursements to beneficiaries	-	17,029	7,337	24,366	
School allocations		<u>382,380</u>		382,380	
Total decreases	381,307	399,409	7,337	788,053	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)					
IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	(869)	4,996	5	4,132	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	45,228	1,427,064	5,100	1,477,392	
NET POSITION, ENDING	<u>\$ 44,359</u>	\$ 1,432,060	\$ 5,105	<u>\$ 1,481,524</u>	

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

ACCETC	State Fees		Child afety		District Clerk Excess Proceed	District Clerk Bond		
ASSETS  Cash and investments	\$ 69,861	<u>\$</u>	1,399	<u>\$</u>	410,513	\$	74,128	
Total assets	 69,861		1,399		410,513		74,128	
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments  Total liabilities	69,861 69,861		1,399 1,399		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
NET POSITION  Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	 				410,513		74,128	
Total net position	\$ 	\$	-	\$	410,513	\$	74,128	

District Clerk Registry Account	County Clerk Bond Account	County Tax Tax Clerk Assessor/ Assessor/ Registry Collector Collector Account General TXDOT		Assessor/ Collector Boat and Motor	Assessor/ Collector Auto Sales Tax	
\$ 47,227	<u>\$ 221,851</u>	<u>\$ 362,586</u>	\$ 98,018	\$ 286,750	\$ 9,265	\$ 4,287
47,227	221,851	362,586	98,018	286,750	9,265	4,287
	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del>-</del>		<del></del>	<del></del>
					<del>-</del>	
47,227	221,851	362,586	98,018	286,750	9,265	4,287
<u>\$ 47,227</u>	\$ 221,851	<u>\$ 362,586</u>	\$ 98,018	\$ 286,750	\$ 9,265	\$ 4,287

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Assessor/ Collector Special Inventory	Assessor/ Collector Credit Card Merchant	Sheriff Cash Bond	Jail Inmate Welfare	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 43,228	\$ 310	<u>\$ 43,398</u>	\$ 197,929	
Total assets	43,228	310	43,398	197,929	
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments  Total liabilities		<u> </u>		<u>197,929</u> 197,929	
NET POSITION  Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	43,228	310	43,398		
Total net position	\$ 43,228	\$ 310	<u>\$ 43,398</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	

Probation Office Juvenile	Probation Office Adult	Totals			
\$ 366,986	\$ 772,227	\$ 3,009,963			
366,986	772,227	3,009,963			
		269,189 269,189			
366,986	772,227	2,740,774			
\$ 366,986	\$ 772,227	\$ 2,740,774			

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	State <u>Fees</u>	Child Safety	District Clerk Excess Proceeds	District Clerk Bond	
Increases					
Contributions from judgements	\$ 69,861	\$ 1,399	\$ -	\$ -	
Interest	-	-	=	-	
Deposits held	-	-	228,245	-	
Bonds received	<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>	2,350	
Total increases	69,861	1,399	228,245	2,350	
Decreases					
Bonds refunded	-	-	-	2,000	
Commissary purchases	-	-	-	-	
Deposits refunded	-	1 200	293,560	-	
Disbursements to beneficiaries	69,861	1,399		<del></del>	
Total decreases	69,861	1,399	293,560	2,000	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)					
IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION			(65,315)	350	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING			475,828	73,778	
NET POSITION, ENDING	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 410,513	\$ 74,128	

Distr Clei Regis Acco	rk stry	Cou Cle Boi Acco	rk nd	Cl Reg	unty erk istry ount	С	Tax ssessor/ ollector General		Tax Assessor/ Collector TXDOT		Assessor/ Collector Boat and Motor		Assessor/ Collector Auto Sales Tax	
\$ 36	,946 121 - -	\$ 577	- - - 7,357	\$	- 368 - -	3:	- 30 1,614,53	64 39	\$ 5,12	- 395 7,731 -	\$ 	- 10 78,465 -	\$	- 5 - -
37	<u>,067</u>	577	7 <u>,357</u>		368	3:	1,614,90	<u>03</u>	5,12	<u>8,126</u>		<u>78,475</u>		5
	-	385	5,080 -		-		-			-		-		- -
184	- ,904				- 8,543	3:	- 1,590,89	<u>96</u>	5,28	- 5,872		- 77,539		<u>-</u>
184	<u>,904</u>	385	5 <u>,080</u>		<u>8,543</u>	3:	1,590,89	<u>96</u>	5,28	<u>5,872</u>		77,539		
(147	<u>,837</u> )	192	<u>2,277</u>	(	<u>8,175</u> )		24,00	07	(15	7,746)		936		5
195	<u>,064</u>	29	) <u>,574</u>	37	<u>0,761</u>		74,0	<u>11</u>	44	<u>4,496</u>		8,329		4,282
<u>\$ 47</u>	<u>,227</u>	\$ 221	<u>,851</u>	\$ 36	2,586	\$	98,0	<u> 18</u>	<u>\$ 28</u>	6,750	\$	9,265	\$	4,287

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Assessor/ Collector Special Inventory		Assessor/ Collector Credit Card Merchant		Sheriff Cash Bond		Jail Inmate Welfare	
Increases								
Contributions from judgements	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest		37		-		37		208
Deposits held		54,719		-		76,228		244,582
Bonds received						<del>-</del>		
Total increases		54,756				76,265		244,790
Decreases								
Bonds refunded		-		-		61,872		-
Commissary purchases		-		-		-		244,790
Deposits refunded		- 62.062		-		-		-
Disbursements to beneficiaries		62,062		<u> </u>		<del>-</del>		
Total decreases		62,062				61,872		244,790
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)								
IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		(7,306)				14,393		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		50,534		310		29,005		
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	43,228	\$	310	\$	43,398	\$	_

Probation Office Juvenile			Probation Office Adult	Totals		
\$	- 22,600 438,975 -	\$	- 14,042 953,444 -	\$	108,206 38,187 38,816,928 579,707	
	461,575		967,486		39,543,028	
_	- - - 410,200 410,200	_	- - - - 843,185 843,185	_	448,952 244,790 293,560 38,534,461 39,521,763	
_	51,375 315,611		124,301 647,926	_	21,265 2,719,509	
<u>\$</u>	366,986	<u>\$</u>	772,227	<u>\$</u>	2,740,774	

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court Upshur County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison information, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Upshur County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2025.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.



#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas June 24, 2025



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE OF TEXAS GRANT MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and County Commissioners Upshur County, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Programs

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Programs

We have audited Upshur County, Texas (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement and the State of Texas Grant Management Standards ("TxGMS") that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal and state programs for the year ended September 30, 2024. The County's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended September 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Programs

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and TxGMS. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state programs. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal and state programs.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, and TxGMS will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and TxGMS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state programs on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state programs will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state programs that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and TxGMS. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patille, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas June 24, 2025

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

### YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grantor's Pass-through Number	Federal Expenditures	Pass-Through Expenditures
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development  Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture:  Texas Community Development Block Grant - Union Grove  Water Supply  Total Passed through Texas Department of  Agriculture	14.228	7220471	\$ 2,000 2,000	\$ <u>       -</u>
Total U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			2,000	
U. S. Department of Justice  Passed through Office of the Governor:  Victim Services Project  Family Violence Intervention Program  Family Violence Intervention Program  Total Passed through Office of the Governor	16.575 16.588 16.588	2912106 2052816 2052817	71,853 37,712 6,489 116,054	- -
Direct Programs: Equitable Sharing Total Direct Programs Total U. S. Department of Justice	16.922	TX2300000	110,262 110,262 226,316	<u> </u>
U. S. Department of Treasury Direct Programs:				
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery - COVID-19 Local Assistance & Tribal Consistency Fund - COVID-19 Total Direct Programs Total U. S. Department of Treasury	21.027 21.032	N/A N/A	2,623,850 50,456 2,674,306 2,674,306	
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 2,902,622	<u>\$ -</u>

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

### YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Grantor's		
State Grantor/	Pass-through		Pass-Through
Program Title	Number	Expenditures	Expenditures
STATE AWARDS			
Texas Historical Commission			
Direct Program:			
Round XII Texas Historical Courthouse Renovation	2010-143-A	<u>\$1,368,262</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Total Texas Historical Commission		1,368,262	
Texas Indigent Defense Commission			
Direct Program:			
Indigent Defense Formula Grant	N/A	36,115	<u>\$ -</u>
Total Texas Historical Commission		36,115	
Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts			
Direct Program:			
Rural Assistance Enforcement Salary Assistance Program-Sheriff's Office	IA-000000123	350,000	\$ -
Rural Assistance Enforcement Salary Assistance Program-Constables Office	IA-000000126	12,126	-
Rural Assistance Enforcement Salary Assistance Program-District Attorney's Office	IA-0000000245	71,235	
Total Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts		433,361	
Office of the Secretary of State			
Direct Program:			
Chapter 19 Voter Funds	N/A	21,867	\$ -
Total Office of the Secretary of State	,	21,867	
Total Expenditures of State Awards		\$ 1,859,605	\$ -
Total Expenditures of Federal and State Awards		<u>\$ 4,762,227</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

#### 1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal and state awards programs of Upshur County, Texas. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 2 (c) of the basic financial statements. Federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards.

#### 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

#### 3. INDIRECT COSTS

The County did not elect to apply the de minimus indirect cost rate.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

#### **Summary of Auditor's Results**

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

None

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial

statements noted? None

Federal and State Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? None

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) or State of Texas

Grant Management Standards? None

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number: Name of major program or cluster:

21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal

Recovery - COVID-19

State Texas Historic Courthouse Preservation

Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B federal programs \$750,000

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B state programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None

#### **Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards**

None

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

None